

# Website Evaluation Guide

G H S O N L I B R A R Y

U P D A T E D 2 0 2 1

## PLEASED

Are you pleased with this website?

### P-- Purpose

What is the author's purpose?

### L-- Links

Are the links active? Do they work? Are the sites that they link to reliable?

### E-- Editorial

Is the information at this site accurate, comprehensive, and current? Objective? What audience was the site designed for? Professionals students, children, consumers?

### A-- Author

Who is the author of the site and are they reliable? Are their credentials identified and appropriate?

### S-- Site

Is this site attractive and the information clearly presented? Is it easy to navigate? Do the graphics load quickly? Can you search through the site efficiently?

### E-- Ethical

Is it easy to tell if the site is commercial? Is author and developer information in plain site or do you have to sift through the site to find it? Is it professional? Is the aim of the site easily apparent?

### D-- Date

Is the site current? When was it last updated?

## Websites to Help Evaluate Websites

Cornell University Library; Olin & Uris Libraries. (2020). *Evaluating Web Pages: Questions to Consider: Categories*. [https://guides.library.cornell.edu/evaluating\\_Web\\_pages](https://guides.library.cornell.edu/evaluating_Web_pages)

National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine. (2021). *Evaluating web-based health resources*. National Institute of Health. <http://nccam.nih.gov/health/webresources/>

National Library of Medicine. (2015). *MedlinePlus guide to healthy web surfing*. National Institute of Health. <http://www.nlm.gov/medlineplus/healthywebsurfing.html>

Sheridan Libraries; John Hopkins University. (2021). *Evaluating information*. <http://guides.library.jhu.edu/evaluate>

University of California at Berkley Library. (2021). *Evaluating resources: Home*. <http://guides.lib.berkeley.edu/evaluating-resources>

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## Charts & Checklists

Albany College of Pharmacy and Health Services. (2021). *Website evaluation checklist*. <https://library.albany.edu/infolit/evalweb>

University of Southern Maine. (2021). *Checklist for evaluating web resources*. <https://usm.maine.edu/library/checklist-evaluating-web-resources>

4. <http://www.mayoclinic.com/health/diabetes-diet/DA00077>

Patient Care **Health Information** MAYO CLINIC For Medical Professionals Research Education

Request an Appointment Find a Doctor Find a Job Log in to Patient Account

Enter search term here Search Diseases and Conditions Symptoms Drugs and Supplements Tests and Procedures Healthy Lifestyle First Aid

Home > Diseases and Conditions > Diabetes > In-Depth > Your diabetes diet: Exchange lists

## Diabetes

Text Size: - +

Basics **In-Depth** Multimedia Expert Answers Expert Blog Resources What's New

3. **Your diabetes diet: Exchange lists**

Your diabetes eating plan can help you control your blood sugar level. Use diabetes exchange lists to make sure you're getting a proper mix of calories, carbohydrates and other nutrients.

The recommended diabetes eating plan is naturally rich in nutrients and low in fat and cholesterol. [DA00077](#)

2. May 4, 2010

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HON @ CODE CERTIFIED 10/2009 We comply with the HONcode standard for trustworthy health information: verify here.

**Author:** Find the author or responsible person, company or organization. This information can generally be found under the title or at the bottom of the webpage. This example was unusual as it listed it twice on the webpage. Use the copyright owner if a specific author is not named.

**Date:** Look for a specific date. Sometimes it can be found at the beginning of the article with the article title and author. Use the "Updated on" date, if available, or the copyright date.

**Title:** Generally, the title is clear. If there appear to be multiple titles or a title with a subtitle, use what best describes the information that is presented.

**Website address:** Copy and paste the web address from the address window at the top of your browser. This provides the best direct link back to the information. If the information was printed, many times the web address can be found on the bottom of the print out.

### Citing a Website in APA Format Example:

Mayo Foundation for Medical Education and Research. (2010). *Your diabetes diet: Exchange lists*.  
<http://www.mayoclinic.com/health/diabetes-diet/DA00077>

The colors are for the example only to help identify the different parts needed to correctly cite in APA format. The font color for your citation(s) should be black.

### Website Evaluation Checklist

✓	Ask yourself	Answer or Example
	Is the site relevant to your topic?	
	Is the domain appropriate for your topic?	
	What is the intent of the site?	
	To inform and educate	
	To sell something	
	To persuade the reader	
	To entertain as satire or parody?	
	Is the overall content well organized?	
	Is the site easy to navigate?	
	Is the author/publisher clearly identified?	
	Does the author/publisher have appropriate credentials?	
	Is there contact information for the author/publisher?	
	Is the site current /up-to-date?	
	Is the content biased or slanted?	
	Are there working links or references to related professional sources?	

### Check for More Information About Your Site

Go to alexa.com, add the site URL and click "Get details"	
In a search engine such as Google or Yahoo, type in "link:"+the site URL, example: link+ <a href="http://www.hon.ch/home1.html">http://www.hon.ch/home1.html</a>	
Check the site in a reputable directory that evaluates its contents, such as ipl2, <a href="http://www.lii.org">www.lii.org</a> , Infomine, About.com, etc.	
See which blogs link to it at <a href="http://blogsearch.google.com">blogsearch.google.com</a> . Are they reliable?	
Google the author/publisher	

**Keep in mind**—That no matter how great a site looks, no matter how professionally done, or how many bells and whistles, if the authorship is not objective and fact based, it is NOT a good source for your research.